

OFFICE OF LABORATORY ANIMAL CARE

Working Instructions

WIN Number:	402	Songbird Health Check	Revision #:	0
Date Effective:	1/6/25		Supersedes:	0

Author(s):	Satori Le	Sign: Ho	Date: 1/6/2025
	Amanda Larson	Sign: Anh Zon	Date: /-6-2025
Facility Manager	Vincent Flournoy	Sign: Vincent House	Date: / 🛭 🗸 වශාදු

PROCEDURE

All work instructions must be demonstrated by the trainer and performed by the trainee.

- 1. Look through the window before entering the housing room to ensure there are no loose birds.
 - a. If a bird is found outside of its enclosure, enter the housing room carefully to ensure the bird does not escape the housing room.
 - b. Place a sign on the exterior door notifying others that a loose bird is present in the housing room.
 - c. Contact Facility Supervisor and Veterinary Staff for assistance.

Health Check:

- a. Perform health checks in the morning, unless instructed otherwise by the Facility Supervisor or Veterinarian.
- b. Observe animals within each cage and assess animal health.
- c. Label all health concerns with a pink health post-it placed on the cage card and enter the health concern into approved OLAC reporting software.
 - Emergency health concerns will follow the same procedure as above and in addition, notify the veterinary staff immediately via "health-non-usda" slack group.
- d. Remove any dead animal(s) from the cage and place it in a bag.
 - Label bag with PI name, cage barcode number, room number and date.
 - Enter this information into approved OLAC reporting software.
 - Place the bagged and labeled carcass into the designated carcass storage area.
- e. Remove eggs found outside of the nest box and place them into a bag.
 - Place the bag in the designated carcass freezer.

This list is non-inclusive and other health concerns may arise. If unsure, always contact

vet staff.

Non-Emergency Health Concerns

- Fluffed
- Dropped wing
- Thin appearance
- Wounds (ie, around the eyes, at the tail base, around the neck, around the leg bands, on the bottom of the feet)
- Lameness
- Feather loss
- Overgrown or uneven beaks
- Overgrown nails
- Diarrhea
- Regurgitation (observed as dry, crusted seed on beak)

Emergency Health Concerns

- Open mouth breathing
- Increased respiratory rate or effort
- Prolapse (cloacal)
- Weakness
- Masses or swellings: Anywhere on with open wounds
- Severe wounds: large or deep ope wounds
- Lethargy or torpor
- Wide stance, abdominal straining, low on the limbs

2. Food:

- a. Provide food and high calcium grit ad libitum.
- b. Refill feeders and grit containers that are less than ½ full.
- c. Remove empty hulls and husks from the feeders and grit containers as necessary.
- d. Observe the feeder and grit containers for signs of heavy soiling, mold, and/or pests.
 - If any are present, replace the feeder, grit container, grit, and feed.

3. Water:

- a. Provide water ad libitum
- b. Replace water bottles and waterers that are less than ½ full.
 - Two (2) waterers per double flight cage
 - One (1) small waterer per small cage
- c. Check sipper tubes for water flow and replace leaky and/or malfunctioning bottles.

4. Enrichment:

- a. Place enrichment into each cage according to the "Songbird Enrichment" schedule posted in the housing room.
 - Enrichment offerings include lettuce, egg supplement, nesting materials, cuttle bones, and bird baths.
- b. Refill water baths with water from the housing room sink, if present.

5. Cage Liners:

- a. Assess each cage for flooding, heavy soiling, mold, and/or defective parts.
- b. Change the cage liners found with any of these conditions.
 - Open the cage door and remove the feeder and waterer (if present).
 - Remove the cage liner from the cage and discard.

- Place a new cage liner on the floor of the cage. Check to make sure no animals are stuck between the cage floor and the new liner.
- Place the feeder and waterer back into the cage (if applicable).

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

		REVISION HIST	ORY
REVISION NUMBER	AUTHOR(S)	EFFECTIVE DATE	REVISION(S)

	я			
		-		
			Ti de la companya de	